

# The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 26

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NUMBER 140

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election, Tuesday, Nov. 7th.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Congress—First District—

CHARLES G. WILLIAMS, of Rock.

The new party with its big platform

and great pretensions looks like a grey-

hound hatched to a circus band-wagon.

In looking over the political field in all

the States the first thing that strikes the

beholder is that the Democratic party is

still wedded to its folly.

Col. J. A. Watrous, of Milwaukee, refers

to the Madison Democrat as "the ob-

scene and puerilest Democratic paper at

Madison." This says for what the Demo-

crat gave Mr. Watrous.

The crop of would-be Congressmen in

Illinois is much larger than the corn crop

this year. The latter is only one-half a

as good a crop as usual, while the latter

is 50 per cent better than ever before

known.

The Monroe Sentinel is opposed to the

renomination of Congressman Hazelton.

In a recent editorial on the subject it

says: "If the district convention, after

due deliberation should conclude to nomi-

nate Hazelton we shall give him our

support in preference to aiding the op-

position—though defeat stares us in the

face from the outset. But taking facts as

they exist—counting chances for and

against the party—we favor a new deal.

Give us a candidate who can command

the respect and the support of the entire

Republican party of the Third district."

Iowa is already getting into trouble in

regard to the prohibition law in that

State. The Governor has issued a pro-

clamation announcing the adoption of

the constitutional amendment

and commanding obedience

to the law, but a dispatch from Missouri

Valley, Iowa, says saloons there

are openly carrying on business. The Pro-

hibitionists doubt whether they can pro-

secute successfully since the Legislature

made a blunder in failing to provide a

penalty in case of a violation of the law.

A test case has just been tried here in

which the saloon keepers were victorious.

Some of the prominent Knights-

Templar are anxious to secure a promi-

nent place where they can go off every

three years on their convulsive excursions,

and have all the fun they want to them-

selves. A proposition is being discussed

to acquire from the government a tract of

land in some unsettled part of the coun-

try, perhaps in the heart of the Rocky

Mountains, as an exclusive campaign

ground for the Grand Commanderies,

ample enough to accommodate the entire

Order. It is believed that such a perma-

nent place of meeting, removed from the

influence of large cities, would stimulate

extraordinary interest and secure the

most desirable results.

General Edward S. Bragg, Democratic

member of Congress from the Fifth

district of this State, is personally carry-

ing out the Democratic idea of paying

debts with irredeemable paper. The Evening

Wisconsin says, "a suit has been in-

stituted in the United States Court here

by John E. Rice, proprietor of the Tre-

mont House, Chicago, against General

Ed. Bragg, and the complaint sets forth

that Rice, during May, 1881, cashed two

drafts for General Bragg, amounting to

\$1,250. The drafts were upon the ser-

geant-at-arms of the house of representa-

tives, of which body Bragg was then a

member. That government official, it

appears, failed to honor either of them,

leaving Mr. Rice out \$1,250."

There is no public man in this country

more level-headed than Frederick Doug-

lass. He is seldom, if ever, wrong on

any great question, and is not slow in ex-

pressing his opinion when it is called for.

There is a threatened revolt among the

negroes of the South, that is they feel out

of sorts with the Republican party, and

want to break away from it. There are

some leaders among the negroes

of the North, who are inclined to urge

their own race to go, but Mr. Douglass

with his usual good sense takes strong

grounds against it. He tells the negroes

"not to make the mistake of jumping out

of the frying-pan into the fire, of flinging

away the substance and grasping at the

shadow. Do not let us, either, make the

mistake of seeking outside of the Repub-

lican party that [which experience and

common sense teach] can be best at-

tained inside of that party."

The National Prohibition Convention

came very nearly losing sight of the

main question. While it resolved for

prohibition, it also resolved for other

things as wide apart from prohibition as

two questions can be. It made a clean

sweep, dabbling in every conceivable

question of the time. It resolved—

1. In favor of making the liquor busi-

ness in all its different branches a public

crime.

2. Abolition of all licences.

3. The enfranchisement of women.

4. The abolition of polygamy.

5. The abolition of all sorts of official

patronage, and the election of all officers

by the people.

6. The abolition of all unnecessary of-

ficers.

7. Enforced education.

8. The preservation of the public

lands for actual settlers.

9. The abolition of all monopolies.

10. The legislative control of railways.

For a young party it is carrying a mon-

strous load.

## AN UNJUST CHARGE AGAINST A GOOD MAN.

When Mr. T. D. Kanouse, of this State,

was made President of the National Pro-

hibition Convention in Chicago, he de-

livered himself of the following lines:

My father had always been a Whig, and

well do I remember an incident in his life

which happened when I was a boy. It was at the time

when the Republican party was just coming

into notice. The late Governor Washburn

was just beginning to itch for congressional honors,

and called on my father one day, in company

with Mr. N. Dunn. Governor Washburn said:

"Mr. Kanouse, you have a large acquaintance

in this county, and you are a man of influence.

We have called upon you to reason with and

convert you from error, for we are informed

you are not going the right way." My father

denied that he was doing wrong, and asked that

the governor explain the meaning. Thereupon

Governor Washburn stood up and spoke for

one hour to my father. He cited the glorious

victories of the Whig party, the battles they

had fought together under its flag, and asked

him if he was going to desert the old ship for

this young nondescript, the new Republican

party.

Mr. Kanouse, who professes to be a

man of honor, should have been more

careful in his statements when he makes

charges against the dead, and especially

against that man whose memory the

Northwest delights to honor—C. O.

Washburn. It is very safe to say, and

that without doing Mr. Kanouse the least

injustice, that he does not know anything

in regard to the manner in which the la-

mented Washburn first came to be

a candidate for Congress

away back in 1854. He made statements

before the National Prohibition Con-

vention which were outrageously unjust.

Mr. Washburn did not have an "itching"

for Congress in 1854, neither did he call

the new Republican party the "young

nondescript."

That Mr. Kanouse may see that his

statements were rash and altogether in-

consistent with the facts of history, the

Gazette will recall some of the

events of 1854, when he says Mr. Wash-

burn was "itching" for congressional hon-

ors. On the 23d of last May the Gazette

printed an editorial article which showed

how Mr. Washburn was called to public

life. In 1854, the year when the Repub-

lican party was born, he was a practicing

attorney at Mineral Point. He did not

appear to have any congressional "itch-

ing," for he was quietly attending to his

moderate business, and it is not known

that up to August 5, of that year, he ever

mentioned the congressional question to

any one. At that time he had two broth-

ers in Congress, and one of the promi-

nent leaders of the House was E. B.

Washburn, whose speeches were attract-

ing vast attention.

This fact led several well known

Rock county Republicans to write to

C. O. Washburn, urging him

to become a candidate for Congress.

Those who signed the letter on the 5th of

August, 1854, were J. A. Sleeper, the late

Governor Harvey, J. Baker, and Charles

Holt, now of the Kaukauna Gazette. Mr.

Washburn answered the letter on the 9th

of August, and had so little "itching" for

congressional honors that he said he

could not promise to accept a nomination,

but if the tender of the nomination came

with unanimity he would consider the

question of accepting. He heartily en-

dorsed the principles of the Republican

party, and this even, before his nomi-

nation was thought to be possible. If Mr.

Kanouse believes in Prohibition, he

should also believe in that prohibition

which will prohibit a man from making

unjust charges against the dead.

CONDENSED NEWS.

General Crook was banqueted by the

citizens of Omaha last night, prior to his

departure for Arizona.

Judge Monroe, President of the Vir-

ginia Supreme Court of Appeals, died

yesterday at the age of 77.

Five men were seriously injured by the

explosion of gas in the Hallenback coal

mine, near Wilkesbarre, yesterday after-

noon.

Fifty-two new cases of yellow fever

and four deaths are reported from

Brownsville as yesterday's record. There

were five deaths from the disease at Ma-

tamoras.

The business failures in the United

States the past week numbered 192, six-

teen less than for the week ending Aug.

18, and fifty-three more than in the cor-

responding week last year.

Coup's circus is in the hands of the

sheriff at Detroit, attachments having

been presented against the concern

amounting to \$25,000. About 200 em-

ployees are thrown out of employment.

Judge Lawrence, First Controller of the

Treasury received a letter from Mrs.

Garfield, stating that she has no objec-

tion to the proposed purchase by the

Ohio Republican Association of the for-

mer residence of General Garfield.

F. D. Moulton, the purchaser of the

estate at Canonchet, R. I., was driven

from the property Thursday by an armed

band, under the instructions of the ex-

Governor. The place is well fortified,

and Trustee Chaffee will place the en-

forcement of the law in the hand of the

State.

President Arthur yesterday dined with

Governor Morgan, attended the reception

given by Mr. Charles H. Russell, and in

the evening was present at the grand ball

given by Commodore Baldwin. To-day

he will visit Coaster's Island harbor and

the polo grounds, and dine with John

Jacob Astor in the evening.

An Important Discovery

has been made whereby a successful veg-

etable combination has been introduced,

which acts upon the bowels, the liver and

the kidneys, and at the same time imparts

strength and vitality to the entire system.

BUNDOCK BROWN BROWN constitute the

important discovery. Price \$1.

Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Slinger & Co.

## NEWS FROM THE WIRES

A Little Disturbance at the

Sprague Homestead in Rhode

Island.

The Financial Wreck of Coup's

Circus in Detroit.

The Bloody Work of an Insane

Woman in Indiana.

A Poor Laborer at Indianapolis.

His Falls Hair to \$1,750.

000.

Large Quantities of Iron Ore



The circulation of the Gazette is larger than that of any other newspaper in Rock county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention will be held at the Court House in the city of Janesville, on the 13th day of September, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon, to nominate candidates for county officers. The several towns and wards will be entitled to delegates as follows: Avon, Beloit, Bradford, Center, Harmony, Janesville, Johnsonville, La Prairie, Lima, Magnolia, Newark, Plymouth, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley, Turtle, the Second, Third and Fourth Wards of the city of Beloit, and Fifth Ward of the city of Janesville, two each; the First Ward of the city of Janesville, one each; Fulton, Union, and Watrous, one each; and Third and Fourth Wards of the city of Janesville, one each; the First and Fourth Wards of the city of Janesville, one each.

W. T. YANKIN, J. H. WEST, C. C. KELLER, W. W. OLMSTEAD, J. W. JONES.

Committee.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

A Republican Senatorial Convention of the Seventeenth Senatorial District, comprising the counties of Rock, Janesville, Johnsonville, La Prairie, Lima, Magnolia, Newark, Plymouth, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley, Turtle, the Second, Third and Fourth Wards of the city of Beloit, and Fifth Ward of the city of Janesville, two each; the First Ward of the city of Janesville, one each; Fulton, Union, and Watrous, one each; and Third and Fourth Wards of the city of Janesville, one each; the First and Fourth Wards of the city of Janesville, one each.

JOHN R. BENNETT, S. T. MERRILL, L. M. BENNETT, S. M. NORTHROP, WM. H. THOMP.

Committee.

A Bolt From a Clear Sky.

The Hawaiian earthquake of 1837 is described for the first time by an eye witness, in Missionary Count's new book. On the 7th of November, 1837, at the evening prayer, were started by a heavy, dull and a sudden jar of the earth. The sound was like the fall of some vast body upon the beach, and in a few seconds the noise of mingled voices rising for a mile along the shore thrilled us like the wail of doom. Instantly this was followed by a like wail from all the native houses around us. I immediately ran down to the beach, and a scene of wild ruin was spread out before me; the sea, moved by an unseen hand, had, all on a sudden, risen in a gigantic wave, and this wave, rushing in with the speed of a racehorse, had fallen upon the shore, sweeping everything not more than fifteen or twenty feet above high-water into indiscriminate ruin. Houses, furniture, fuel, timber, canoes, food, clothing, everything floated wildly upon the flood. About two hundred people, from the old man and woman of three score years and ten to the newborn infant, stripped of their earthly all, were struggling in the tumultuous waves.

So sudden and unexpected was the catastrophe that the people along the shore were literally "oating and drinking," and they "knew not until the flood came and swept them all away." The harbor was full of struggling calling for help, while frantic parents and children, wives and husbands ran to and fro along the beach seeking for their loved ones. As the waves came in and rolled the struggling were brought near the shore, where the more vigorous landed with desperate efforts and the weaker and exhausted were carried back upon the retreating wave, some to sink and rise no more till the noise of judgment wakes them.

The Romance of a Street Car.

Ten years ago, one oppressive summer night, a gentleman, who was then and is now a dealer in teas and spices in New York, was a guest at the Troy House. He asked the clerk if there were any amusements that evening, and, receiving a negative answer, inquired where he could find a quiet spot to spend an hour or two. The clerk advised a ride on the street cars to Albion and back. The gentleman boarded a car. Next to him sat a young lady, the daughter of a poor, but respected Englishman, then a resident of Albion. The young lady was not very young, neither very handsome, but was attractive and bright. Her occupation was school teaching. A remark by the gentleman led to an informal conversation, which became so interesting that when the young lady's residence at Albion was reached, she was not aware of it until the conductor called her attention to the fact. After she had gone the gentleman asked the conductor who the young woman's name. Said the gentleman: "I would like to meet her again. I am a widower with two children and live in New York. I have never met a lady in my life who looked, talked, and acted so much like my wife." The young man accidentally met on your car." The conductor, taking an interest in the romantic case, answered the varied questions of the widower, and finally agreed to take his card to her and ask for an interview at her home. On the following evening an introduction took place, which was followed six months later by a marriage, investigation of the gentleman's statements concerning his standing having verified them in detail. The former widower now has five children and a happy home in all respects.—Troy Times.

Equal to the Emergency.

A young woman while going from her home to a postoffice, was accosted by one of the la-da-da gentry, who asked if he might accompany her down town. She objected and commanded him to leave her. The rowdy still followed her and she sought refuge in a neighboring house. In a few minutes, thinking the way clear, she started out for her destination. When in the postoffice she recognized her assailant, and he followed her out. When on the sidewalk he stopped to her side and inquired: "Are you from Canada?" "No," she replied, "I'm from Ireland;" and with this last remark she dealt him a stunning blow in the face, felling him to the sidewalk. "My God," cried a woman who witnessed the act, "have you killed him?" "I don't know," answered the young lady as she walked on. After reaching her home she discovered that her hand and sleeve were covered with blood, and she then concluded that she left a mark on the impudent fellow's phiz.—Bay City (Mich.) Tribune.

Then Russians call their convicts "unfortunates."

Woman and Her Diseases

is the title of a large illustrated treatise by Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., sent to any address for three stamps. It teaches every self-treatment.

An Anxious Capitalist.

"I came in to ask," began a little old man in a whisper, looking as if fearful of being overheard, and drawing his chair close up to the editor, "if you know anything of the condition of the Nevada Bank?"

"No special information," replied the editor.

"Then you think it solvent—perfectly solvent?" demanded the little man, with intense eagerness.

"Certainly."

"Might I ask what its capital is—its paid up capital?"

"Three millions, I believe," said the editor, beginning to wonder what manner of man had floated into his office.

"And," continued the man in black, tugging in nervous excitement at his thin and straggling iron-gray beard, "what's the Nevada Bank's resource—its reserve—what I want to find out."

"Four millions, I think."

"And how is it invested—how is it invested?" he fairly gulped with eagerness as he glared at the editor.

"In United States bonds."

"Ah," he said, with a great sigh of relief, "I'm glad of that. Then I am sure that you have no listeners—'Then you think a man could safely trust his money to it?'"

"Why, certainly. There is no safer bank in the world. It has unlimited backing."

"The little old man chuckled and took the editor's hand, which he shook almost gleefully."

"You have done me a great favor, sir!" he exclaimed, "a great favor—and I shall not forget it. I am sure that your money is safe, I suppose, sir?" said the editor, with that respect in tone and manner which every independent citizen instinctively assumes when addressing a wealthy man.

"Well—er, no, not just yet. The fact is," he added with a burst of confidence, "I am about to change my mode of living. I'm fifty-five to-day, and have formed a resolution that henceforth I shall serve my money instead of spending it, as I have done from my youth up, and I have suffered considerable anxiety about where to put my money when I got it. In point of fact," he continued, his cadaverous face beaming, "I am just now excessively hard up, and if you could oblige me, sir, with the loan of a dollar until I am started on my new career, you would lay me under a heavy obligation."

The editor staggered toward the club in the corner, but when he turned he was alone.

Pat's Little Speech.

A man who has a reputation for eloquence and amiability is often called upon for a speech. Col. William C. Preston, of South Carolina, was an orator and a kind hearted gentleman, whose advocacy was frequently invoked. Perhaps the most hearty invitation "to speak in public" he ever received, was that given by an Irishman who was more brave than fluent.

On the return of Company K of the Palmetto Regiment to Columbia, just after the close of the Mexican War, it was received by the citizens with the firing of cannon, ringing of bells and was of course, banqueted.

Among the toasts was one complimenting Patrick Leonard, for seizing the colors after the color-bearer had been shot, and gallantly carrying them through the battle of Churubusco.

A score of voices shouted, "A speech from Pat Leonard! A speech from Pat Leonard!"

Pat remained quiet for some time, his chin resting on his breast, very much confused and at a loss to know what to do or say. But his Irish wit enabled him to get out of the difficulty, greatly to the amusement of the audience. Springing to his feet, his face beaming, he said, in a voice not much louder than a stage whisper:

"Gentlemen! I can't speak myself, but Col. Preston will speak the blarney that I'd be affther speaking myself, if I could, it's me that'll hold his hat for him. Indada I will."

It's needless to say that this speech brought down the house.

Quits.

Bernal Osborne, the English M. P., recently deceased, was a quick retaliator in as retort. Some years ago he went down to Oxford with the Persignys and the Marquis d'Azeglio to spend the day with Norman MacDonald at one of the colleges. On the return to the Continent, the Countess d'Azeglio, who was a topic so warmly that the lady seized the latter's hat and threw it out the window! Thereupon Bernal Osborne grabbed the lady's muff and sent it after his chapeau, saying, "Now we are quits!"

Dead as a Post.

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Belvidere, Ohi., stated that a fifteen month old child was stricken with a disease in the ear, causing entire deafness. In ten minutes after using T. J. Williams' Eucalypti Oil she found relief, and in a short time she was entirely cured and her hearing restored.

For sale by Palmer & Stevens and Shiner & Co.

"Nearer, My God, to Thee."

If a hundred persons, noted for culture and religious feeling, were asked to mention their six favorite hymns, all of them, probably, would include "Nearer, My God, to Thee," among the number. No hymn is so frequently sung at funerals as this lyrical aspiration after fellowship with the Lord.

The author is scarcely known to the thousands who sing it, and, therefore, we publish this account of her life given by a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune:

"Sarah Flower was born in Cambridge, England, Feb. 22, 1835. She was the younger of two daughters. Her father, Benjamin Flower, was the editor and proprietor of the Cambridge Intelligence."

"By the death of her mother, which occurred when she was very young, the care of her education was devolved upon him. She early displayed a taste for literature. Her elder sister, Eliza, was also an author."

"In 1854 she was married to William Bridges Adams, a distinguished engineer, who was a contributor to some of the leading newspapers and reviews. She died in 1873."

"She is described as a 'person of strong sense and great religious earnestness,' and as one who 'produced a deep impression on those who met her.' Her contributions to periodicals were numerous, both in prose and poetry."

"She prepared a catechism for children, which was entitled 'The Mosaic at the Fountain.' She was also a composer of music."

"Some of her works were collected and published under the title of 'Adoration, Aspiration and Belief.' In 1841 she published a dramatic poem in five acts, on the martyrdom of 'Vivia Porcupina,' and which she dedicated to her sister."

"No account is given of the circumstances under which she composed the hymn by which she is best known. Her health, it is said, failed gradually, 'almost her last breath being interesting to unconscious song.' The place of her burial is near Harlow, Essex."—Youth's Companion.

Glamis Castle's Mystery.

Many have heard of the mystery of Glamis Castle. The story goes that there is a secret chamber there, and that in some way the chamber is associated with the mystery. It is known only to the owner, to the factor and to the heir apparent. Guests at the castle have vainly tried to solve it. One day, when the owner went out shooting, they all agreed to hang towels out of the windows of every room, in order to arrive at the whereabouts of the mysterious room, through the towel appearing at the window. The experiment, however, was not successful, and it seems to have been agreed that the chamber had no window, and that it was approached by a trap-door opening into the room beneath, which itself was reached by a secret staircase. It is now believed that the mystery has been in part solved, and that the room contained some person who died a week or two ago at a very advanced age. But if this be so, who was this prisoner? Why was he incarcerated? If he really was shut up for long years, surely the family might now reveal the cause; and if not the authorities might insist upon knowing. It may be that this modern 'man with a mask' preferred to remain isolated, but on the face of it some explanation is requisite, for when an individual is hidden away in this mysterious fashion, and he is taken out a corpse to be buried, the presumption is that he was not a free agent.—London Truth.

The Noble Warriors in Our National Arena.

Little do we rock, as we proceed with the humdrum of our uneventful lives at home, how our Congressmen, several hours each day, are calling up the previous question and rising to a point of privilege, in order that we may enjoy the priceless boon of liberty.

Day after day, while you, gentlemen, are dawdling the previous hours away, selling goods of your own and loved ones, with itching heads and tearful eyes, are making motions to reconsider, and with clamor voice demanding the floor and battling on over the vital question of mileage.

And yet, while these men have their shoulders under the national fabric, and are fearfully recurring things to come, or wither into frank and deliberate tone, moving to lay them out, there are croneers at home, with nothing to do but support their families, who speak jeeringly of the labors performed by these noble warriors in the national arena. It is not right.—Nye's Boomerang.

For 80 cents you can have a sixty-mile sail on a New York excursion steamerboat, probably the cheapest fare on record.

"THE ELEGANT—Little plaided scow top on 'DRABERY' makes it the cheapest, most perfect, and most recherche of all toilet requisites. Get 5 cent sample. Sold by Friedman & Evenson."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Wheelock's Crockery Store

Offer special prices to reduce stock on

FRUIT JARS, ICE Cream Freezers, REFRIGERATORS, ICE CHESTS, HAMMOCKS, GLASSWARE, SILVERWARE, CUTLERY, CHINA TEA SETS, Printed Englishware, BABY CARRIAGES, MAJOLICA, &c

Price List for Good White Granite Ware, Black

Individual butter, per dozen..... \$ 20

Cup plates, per dozen..... 25

Bacon plates, per dozen..... 25

Plate plates, per dozen..... 25

Tea plates, per dozen..... 25

Breakfast plates, per dozen..... 25

Dinner plates, per dozen..... 25

Ten cups and saucers, per set..... 35

Coffee cups and saucers, per set..... 35

Hand basins, each..... 15

No. 10 plates, each..... 15

No. 12 plates, each..... 15

No. 14 plates, each..... 15

No. 16 plates, each..... 15

No. 18 plates, each..... 15

No. 20 plates, each..... 15

No. 22 plates, each..... 15

No. 24 plates, each..... 15

No. 26 plates, each..... 15

No. 28 plates, each..... 15

No. 30 plates, each..... 15

No. 32 plates, each..... 15

No. 34 plates, each..... 15

No. 36 plates, each..... 15

No. 38 plates, each..... 15

No. 40 plates, each..... 15

No. 42 plates, each..... 15

No. 44 plates, each..... 15

No. 46 plates, each..... 15

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No. 50 plates, each..... 15

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No. 96 plates, each..... 15

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No. 104 plates, each..... 15

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No. 108 plates, each..... 15

No. 110 plates, each..... 15

No. 112 plates, each..... 15

No. 114 plates, each..... 15

No. 116 plates, each..... 15

No. 118 plates, each..... 15

No. 120 plates, each..... 15

No. 122 plates, each..... 15

No. 124 plates, each..... 15

No. 126 plates, each..... 15

No. 128 plates, each..... 15

No. 130 plates, each..... 15

No. 132 plates, each..... 15

No. 134 plates, each..... 15

No. 136 plates, each..... 15

No. 138 plates, each..... 15

No. 140 plates, each..... 15

No. 142 plates, each..... 15

No. 144 plates, each..... 15

MISCELLANEOUS.

Stark Brothers Milwaukee.

Invite every intending purchaser of

Carpets, Draperies & Lace Curtains

To call and look at their

PATTERNS

Suited to the Season.

New Goods.

JAMES MORCAN,

386 and 388

East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,

Is Offering, in conjunction with the

SPLENDID Bargains!

In Fine New

LACES!

ALL HIS FASHIONABLE

CLOAKS,

DOLMANS!

AND

CAPES!

AT

Half Price

MISCELLANEOUS.

Wheelock's Crockery Store

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Hand basins, each..... 15

No. 10 plates, each..... 15

No. 12 plates, each..... 15

No. 14 plates, each..... 15

No. 16 plates, each..... 15

No. 18 plates, each..... 15

No. 20 plates, each..... 15

No. 22 plates, each..... 15

No. 24 plates, each..... 15

No. 26 plates, each..... 15

No. 28 plates, each..... 15

No. 30 plates, each..... 15

No. 32 plates, each..... 15

No. 34 plates, each..... 15

No. 36 plates, each..... 15

No. 38 plates, each..... 15

No. 40 plates, each..... 15

No. 42 plates, each..... 15

No. 44 plates, each..... 15

No. 46 plates, each..... 15

No. 48 plates, each..... 15

No. 50 plates, each..... 15

No. 52 plates, each..... 15

No. 54 plates, each..... 15

No. 56 plates, each..... 15

No. 58 plates, each..... 15

No. 60 plates, each..... 15

No. 62 plates, each..... 15

No. 64 plates, each..... 15

No. 66 plates, each..... 15

No. 68 plates, each..... 15

No. 70 plates, each..... 15

No. 72 plates, each..... 15

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[illegible]

I AM of the opinion that there is nothing so beautiful but that there is something still more beautiful, of which is the more image, and express something which can neither be conveyed by the car or any other sculps; we comprehend it merely insinuation. — Cicero.

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**Nearly a Miracle.**

E. Asenath Hall, Birmingham, writes: "I suffered for several weeks with dull pain through left shoulders. I lost my spirits, and my color, and could with difficulty walk all day. My mother procured BURNED BLOOD BOTTLES; I took one first, and have felt no pain since, at least after using them, and I quite well. Price \$1.00 each. Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Sherer

**A Good Suggestion.**—No one knows until they have sat on an experienced housewife, much things they may change the aspect of things about the house by using vaselin. On a sunshiny day take chairs and tables out on the porch, open the door, and after thorough wiping and dusting them off with a clean cloth, apply a thin coat of vaselin and so cover up scratches and spots of all kinds. It will be done very short time, and you will be surprised to know how much good vaselin will do. A flannel cloth with linseed oil is the best for furniture. Rub the oil on the wood, and be sure to prevent any oil being left on the surface to attract dust. It must be rubbed off. You would not know, except by a proved appearance, that any oil had been used. —Housekeeper.

**Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL** of Value Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

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D'LAING, Gen'l Superintendent, Chicago. W. H. SEENBET, Gen'l Pass. Agent,  
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